

Strategic Risk Register

Revision	Date
1.	March 2018
2.	September 2018
3.	October 2018 (JB & APS)
4	February 2019 (APS)
5.	March 2019 (IJB)
6.	August 2019 (APS)
7.	October 2019 (LT)
8.	November 2019 (JB
	workshop)
9.	January 2020 (ahead of
	JB)
10	March 2020 (RAPC)
11	July 2020 (IJB)
12	October 2020 (JB
	Workshop)
13	November 2020 (JJB)
14	January 2021 (RAPC)
15	May 2021 (IJB)
16	June 2021 (RAPC)
17	September 2021 (RAPC)
18	November 2021 (Following
	JB Workshop and ahead
	of IJB meeting in Dec)

Introduction & Background

This document is made publicly available on our website, in order to help stakeholders (including members of the public) understand the challenges currently facing health and social care in Aberdeen.

This is the strategic risk register for the Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board, which lays the foundation for the development of work to prevent, mitigate, respond to and recover from the recorded risks against the delivery of its strategic plan.

Just because a risk is included in the Strategic Risk Register does not mean that it will happen, or that the impact would necessarily be as serious as the description provided.

More information can be found in the Board Assurance and Escalation Framework and the Risk Appetite Statement.

Appendices

- Risk Tolerances
- Risk Assessment Tables





Colour - Key

Risk Rating Low		Medium High		Very High	
Risk Movement		Decrease	No Change	Increase	

Risk Summary:

1	Cause: The strategic commissioning of services from third and independent sector providers requires both providers and ACHSCP to work	High
	collaboratively (provider with provider and provider and ACHSCP) in order to strategically commission and deliver services to meet the needs of local people. This is a new dynamic, based on mutual trust.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Event: Limitations to the extent with which strategic commissioning of services progresses between ACHSCP and third and independent providers of health and social care.	
	Consequence: There is a gap between what is required to meet the needs of local people, and services that are available; consequences to the individual include not having the right level of care delivered locally, by suitably trained staff; consequences to the sector include investments made in services that will not be fully utilised and thereby risks to sustainability; and consequences to the partnership includes an inability to meet peoples needs for health and care and the additional financial burden of seeking that care in an alternative setting	
2	Cause: JB financial failure and projection of overspend	Very High
	Event: Demand outstrips available budget	
	Consequence: JB can't deliver on its strategic plan priorities, statutory work, and projects.	
3	Cause: Under Integration arrangements, Aberdeen IJB hosts services on behalf of Moray and Aberdeenshire, who also hosts services on behalf	High
	of Aberdeen City.	
	Event: hosted services do not deliver the expected outcomes, fail to deliver transformation of services, or face service failure.	
	Consequence: Failure to meet health outcomes for Aberdeen City, resources not being maximised and reputational damage.	
4	Cause: Relationship arrangements between the IJB and its partner organisations (Aberdeen City Council & NHS Grampian) in areas such as	Low
	governance, human resources; and performance	
	Event: Relationships are not managed in order to maximise the full potential of integrated & collaborative working.	
	Consequence: Failure to deliver the strategic plan and reputational damage	
5	Cause: Performance standards/outcomes are set by national and regulatory bodies and those locally-determined performance standards are set	High
	by the board itself.	
	Event: There is a risk that the UB, and the services that it directs and has operational oversight of, fails to meet the national, regulatory and local	
	standards.	
	Consequence: This may result in harm or risk of harm to people.	



6	Cause: Complexity of function, decision making, and delegation within the Integration Scheme.	High
	Event: JB fails to manage this complexity	
	Consequence: reputational damage to the IJB and its partner organisations	
7	Cause: Demographic & financial pressures requiring UB to deliver transformational system change which helps to meet its strategic priorities. Event: Failure to deliver transformation and sustainable systems change. Consequence: people not receiving the best health and social care outcomes	High
8	Cause: Need to involve lived experience in service delivery and design as per Integration Principles	Medium
	Event: UB fails to maximise the opportunities created for engaging with our communities	
	Consequences: Services are not tailored to individual needs; reputational damage; and IJB does not meet strategic aims	
9	Cause-Impact of Covid19 has accelerated and accentuated long-term workforce challenges	Very High
	Event: Insufficient staff to provide patients/clients with services required.	
	Consequence: Potential loss of life and unmet health and social care needs, leading to severe reputational damage.	
10	Cause: JB's becoming Category 1 Responders under the Civil Contingencies Act 2004.	High
	Event: Potential major impact to the citizens of Aberdeen if JB does not manage its responsibilities under the Act	
	Consequence: Potential risk to life, loss of buildings, reputational damage.	



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Description of Risk: Cause: The strategic commissioning of services from third and independent sector providers requires both providers and ACHSCP to work collaboratively (provider with provider and provider and ACHSCP) in order to strategically commission and deliver services to meet the needs of local people. This is a new dynamic, based on mutual trust.

Event: Limitations to the extent with which strategic commissioning of services progresses between ACHSCP and third and independent providers of health and social care.

Consequence: There is a gap between what is required to meet the needs of local people, and services that are available.

Consequences to the individual include not having the right level of care delivered locally, by suitably trained staff.

Consequences to the sector include investments made in services that will not be fully utilised and thereby risks to sustainability

Consequences to the partnership includes an inability to meet peoples needs for health and care and the additional financial burden of seeking that care in an alternative setting

Strategic Prior	rity: Prevention	and Commun	ities			Leadership Team Owner: Lead Commissioner		
Risk Rating:	ow/medium/hig	h/very high				Rationale for Risk Rating:		
			HIGH			 There have been several experiences of provider failure in the past and this has provided valuable experience and an opportunity for learning. There is unmet need in the care sector evidenced by out of 		
IMPACT						 area placements and use of agency staff which would indicate that there are insufficient skills and capacity to meet the needs of the population There are difficulties in recruiting to vacant GP positions within the city which has led to GP practices 		
Almost						closing		
Certain						 Discussion with current providers and understanding of market conditions across the UK and in Aberdeen locally. 		
Likely						 Impact of Living Wage on profitability depending on some provider models (employment rates in Aberdeen are high, care providers have to compete within this market) 		
Possible				✓		 The impact of Covid-19 on providers is not yet fully quantifiable. Bed occupancy has reduced and costs have increased potentially through maintaining existing staffing levels and procuring PPE. The impact of Covid-19 on independent GP practices, community optometrists and general dental 		
Unlikely						practitioners is not yet fully quantifiable. Should supply of these contracted services reduce due to financial constraints and businesses fail, there may be insufficient capacity to provide services to patients. The responsibility to ensure patients have access to these services rests with the Partnership.		
Rare						Scottish Government via Chief Dental Officer has highlighted an increased risk of reduction in General Dental Practitioners capacity as a result of patient deregistration activity seen in some regions		
LIKELIHOOD	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	Rationale for Risk Appetite:		
				Major	Extreme	As 3 rd and independent sectors are key strategic partners in delivering transformation and improved care		
Risk Moveme	nt: increase/dec	crease/no chan	ge			experience, we have a low tolerance of this risk. It is suggested that this risk tolerance should be shared right throughout the organisation, which may encourage staff and all providers of primary health and care		
NO CHANGE 30.11.21						services to escalate valid concerns at an earlier opportunity.		
Controls:						Mitigating Actions:		
	ous cultural shi ling in a collabo			II strategic coi	mmissioning activity	 All opportunities to work in a collaborative manner to commission services are advertised on Public Contract Scotland, as well as individual invitations made to CEOs / owners of social care services. 		
 Examples of collaborative commissioning models used as exemplar models within the City. Care at Home, Mental Health / Learning disability accommodation review. 						collaborative commissioning workshops etc.		
						Agreed strategic commissioning approach for ACHSCP.		



 Strategic Commissioning Programme Board (includes representatives from third and independent sectors) Local Medical Council GP Sub Group Clinical Director and Clinical Leads Primary Care Contracts Team 	Strategic commissioning programme board (SCPB members) established to provide governance framework for commissioning activity.
Assurances:	Gaps in assurance:
 Market management and facilitation Inspection reports from the Care Inspectorate Monitoring of Primary Care Improvement Plan Daily report monitoring Clinical oversight group – daily meetings Good relationships with GP practices, ensuring communication through agreed governance routes Links to Dental Practice Advisor who works with independent dentists Director of Dentistry co-ordinating Grampian contingency planning to horizon scan for regional deregistration activity proactively work with practices that wish to deregister patients plan suitable contingency arrangements in the event patients are deregister Links to the Eye Health Network and Clinical Leads for Optometry in Shire & Moray and the overall Grampian Clinical Lead Roles of Clinical Director and Clinical Leads 	 Market or provider failure can happen quickly despite good assurances being in place. For example, even with the best monitoring system, the closure of a practice can happen very quickly, with (in some cases) one partner retiring or becoming ill being the catalyst. Market forces and individual business decisions regarding community optometry, general practice and general dental practitioners cannot be influenced by the Partnership. We are currently undertaking service mapping which will help to identify any potential gaps in market provision Public Dental Services staffing capacity to increase service provision in short term
Current performance:	Comments:
•	•



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Description	of Risk: Caus	e-IJB financia	al failure and pr	ojection of o	verspend	
Event-Demai	nd outstrips a	vailable budg	et			
Consequenc	e-IJB can't de	eliver on its st	rategic plan pri	orities, statu	tory work, and p	rojects.
Strategic Prio	rity: Prevention	and Communit	ies			Leadership Team Owner: Chief Finance Officer
Risk Rating:	ow/medium/hial	h/verv hiah				Rationale for Risk Rating:
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.		RY HIGH			 If the partnership does not have sufficient funding to cover all expenditure, then in order to achieve a sustainable balanced financial position, decisions will be required to be taken which may include reducing/stopping services
IMPACT						
Almost						 If the levels of funding identified in the Medium Term Financial Framework are not made available to the IJB in future years, then tough choices would need to be made about what the IJB wants to deliver. It will be extremely difficult for the IJB to continue to generate the level of savings year on
Certain						year to balance its budget.
Likely					√	 The major risk in terms of funding to the Integration Joint Board is the level of funding delegated from the Council and NHS and whether this is sufficient to sustain future service delivery. There is also a risk of additional funding being ring-fenced for specific priorities and policies, which
Possible						means introducing new projects and initiatives at a time when financial pressure is being faced on mainstream budgets.
Unlikely						 IJB is currently receiving additional funding from the Scottish Government to cover the additional costs of Covid. There could be risks to the IJB as this additional funding is withdrawn.
						Rationale for Risk Appetite:
Rare						The JB has a low-moderate risk appetite to financial loss and understands its requirement to achieve a balanced budget. The JB recognises the impacts of failing to achieve a balanced budget on Aberdeen City Council & its bond – an unmanaged overspend may have an impact on funding levels.
LIKELIHOOD	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	However, the IJB also recognises the significant range of statutory services it is required to meet within that
Risk Moveme	nt: increase/de	crease/no chan	ge <i>:</i> IGE 30.11.2021			finite budget and has a lower appetite for risk of harm to people (low or minimal).
the Inte Risk, Au Approve Robust monitor	gration Joint Boudit & Performaned reserves stra financial moni ing & budget mo	pard and the Leanneereceives regategy, including itoring and budgeting with budge	idership Team jular updates on tr risk fund dget setting prod	ansformation peedures includi	rmance Committee rogramme & spend ing regular budge olders.	moving forward the prevention agenda to help manage future demand for services.

• Medium-Term Financial Strategy.



 Medium Term Financial Strategy review planned for 2022. Assurances: Risk, Audit and Performance Committee oversight and scrutiny of budget under the Chief Finance Officer. Board Assurance and Escalation Framework. Quarterly budget monitoring reports. Regular budget monitoring meetings between finance and budget holders. 	 Gaps in assurance: The financial environment is challenging and requires regular monitoring. The scale of the challenge to make the IJB financially sustainable should not be underestimated. Financial failure of hosted services may impact on ability to deliver strategic ambitions. There is a gap in terms of the impact of transformation on our budgets. Many of the benefits of our projects relate to early intervention and reducing hospital admissions, neither of which provide early cashable savings
Current performance:	Comments:
Year-end position for 2020/21	The financial position in future years will be challenging for the IJB as a result of the long-term impacts
The IJB is currently forecasting an underspend of approximately £3m	of Covid on services.

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Description of Risk: Cause: Under Integration arrangements, Aberdeen IJB hosts services on behalf of Moray and Aberdeenshire, and who also hosts services on behalf of Aberdeen City.

Event: hosted services do not deliver the expected outcomes, fail to deliver transformation of services, or face service failure. **Consequence**: Failure to meet health outcomes for Aberdeen City, resources not being maximised and reputational damage. Strategic Priority: Prevention and Connections. Leadership Team Owner: Chief Officer Rationale for Risk Rating: Risk Rating: low/medium/high/very high Considered high risk due to the projected overspend in hosted services **HIGH** Hosted services are a risk of the set-up of Integration Joint Boards. **IMPACT** Rationale for Risk Appetite: The JB has some tolerance of risk in relation to testing change. Almost Certain Likely **Possible** Unlikely Rare LIKELIHOOD Negligible Minor Moderate Major Extreme Risk Movement: (increase/decrease/no change): **NO CHANGE 30.11.2021** Controls: **Mitigating Actions:** Integration scheme agreement on cross-reporting • Development of Service Level Agreements (SLA) for 9 of the hosted services considered through North East Partnership Steering Group budget setting process. In depth review of the other 3 hosted services. Aberdeen City Strategic Planning Group (ACSPG) North East System Wide Transformation Group Quarterly reporting to ACSPG and annual reporting on budget setting to JB. Gaps in assurance: **Assurances:** • These largely come from the systems, process and procedures put in place by NHS Ongoing review of hosted through development of SLA's. Grampian, which are still being operated, along with any new processes which are put in place by the lead IJB. North East System Wide Transformation Group (Officers only) led by the 4 pan-Grampian chief executives. The aim of the group is to develop real top-level leadership to drive forward the change agenda, especially relating to the delegated hospital-based services. Both the CEO group and the Chairs & Vice Chairs group meet quarterly. The meetings are evenly staggered between groups, giving some six weeks between them, allowing progressive work / iterative work to be timely between the forums. The Portfolio approach and wider system approach demonstrates closer joint working across the 3 Health and Social Care Partnerships and the Acute Sector.



Current performance:	Comments:
 Once the SLA's are in place, the IJB will be informed on current performance. 	

						- 4 -
Description of	of Risk:					
Cause: Relati	onship arrange	ments betweer	n the IJB and its	partner organi	sations (Aberde	een City Council & NHS Grampian) in areas such as governance, human resources; and performance
Event: Relation	onships are not	managed in or	der to maximise	e the full potenti	ial of integrated	& collaborative working.
Consequenc	e: Failure to de	liver the strateg	jic plan and rep	utational dama	ge.	
Strategic Prior	rity: Prevention,	Resilience and	Communities.			Leadership Team Owner: Chief Officer
Risk Rating:	ow/medium/high	•	ow			Rationale for Risk Rating: • Considered Low given the experience of nearly three years' operations since 'go-live' in April 2016.
IMPACT						 However, given the wide range and variety of services that support the IJB from NHS Grampian and Aberdeen City Council there is a possibility of services not performing to the required level.
Almost Certain Likely						Rationale for Risk Appetite: There is a zero tolerance in relation to not meeting legal and statutory requirements.
Possible						
Unlikely						
Rare			√			
	Nogligible	Minor		Major	Evtromo	
LIKELIHOOD		Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	
Risk Moveme	nt: (increase/de	crease/no chang No Change	e 30.11.2021			
Improve IJB Inte IJB Gov Agreed Role an Current Alignme	ement Plan (LOIF gration Scheme ernance Scheme risk appetite stated remit of the Notagovernance content of Leadership	e including 'Sche tement rth East Strategi nmittees within L Team objective	eme of Governant c Partnership Gro JB, NHS and ACo s to Strategic Plance Arrangement	oce: Roles & Res oup in relation to C.	ponsibilities'.	 Mitigating Actions: Regular consultation & engagement between bodies. Regular and ongoing Chief Officer membership of Aberdeen City Council's Corporate Management Team and NHS Grampian's Senior Leadership Team Regular performance meetings between ACHSCP Chief Officer, Aberdeen City Council and NHS Grampian Chief Executives. Additional mitigating actions which could be undertaken include the audit programme and benchmarking activity with other IJBs. In relation to capital projects, Joint Programme Boards established to co-produce business cases, strategic case approved by IJB and economic, financial, commercial, management case approved by NHSG Board and ACC Committees
•	review of gove & NHS Grampia		nts by IJB and v	where necessary	/ Aberdeen City	Gaps in assurance: None currently significant.



Current performance:	Comments:
 Most of the major processes and arrangements between the partner organisations have been tested and no major issues have been identified. 	

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Description of	of Risk:					
Cause: Perfor	mance standar	ds/outcomes	are set by natior	nal and regula	atory bodies and t	hose locally-determined performance standards are set by the board itself.
Event: There	is a risk that the	e IJB, and the	services that it o	directs and ha	as operational ove	ersight of, fails to meet the national, regulatory and local standards.
Consequenc	e: This may res	ult in harm or	risk of harm to p	eople.		
_	-		rsonalisation, Co	-	Communities.	Leadership Team Owner: Lead Strategy & Performance Manager
•						
Risk Rating: low/medium/high/very high HIGH						Rationale for Risk Rating: Service delivery is broad ranging and undertaken by both in-house and external providers. There are a variety of performance standards set both by national and regulatory bodies as well as those determined locally and there are a range of factors which may impact on service performance
IMPACT						against these. Poor performance will in turn impact both on the outcomes for service users and on the reputation of the JB/partnership. Given current situation with increased demand and staffing pressures there
Almost Certain						might be times that the likelihood of services not meeting standards is possible
Likely						Rationale for Risk Appetite: The IJB has no to minimal tolerance of harm happening to people as a result of its actions, recognising that in some cases there may be a balance between the risk of doing nothing and the risk of action or intervention.
Possible				✓		in some cases there may be a balance between the risk of doing nothing and the risk of action of intervention.
Unlikely						
Rare						
LIKELIHOOD	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	
Risk Movemer	nt: (increase/dec	•	e) E 30.11.2021			
 Risk, Au Data an Perform Linkage Annual Chief So Minister Externa Links to Contract 	and Care Gover udit and Perform d Evaluation Gro nance Framework with ACC and N Performance Re ocial Work Office ial Steering Grou I and Internal Au outcomes of Insect Management Feadership Team	ance Committed bup k IHSG performal eport er's Report up (MSG) Scrut dit Reports epections, Comp Framework	e nce reporting iny			 Mitigating Actions: Continual review of key performance indicators Review of and where and how often performance information is reported and how learning is fed back into processes and procedures. On-going work developing a culture of performance management and evaluation throughout the partnership Refinement of Performance Dashboard, presented to a number of groups, raising profile of performance and encouraging discussion leading to further review and development Recruitment of additional resource to drive performance management process development Risk-assessed plans with actions, responsible owners, timescales and performance measures monitored by dedicated teams
Assurances:	assisting routh					Gans in assurance:



Aberdeen City Health & Social Care Partnership

A caring partnership

- Joint meeting of IJB Chief Officer with two Partner Body Chief Executives.
- Agreement that full Dashboard with be reported to both Clinical and Care Governance Committee and Risk, Audit & Performance Committee. Lead Strategy and Performance Manager will ensure both committees are updated in relation to the interest and activity of each.
- Annual report on IJB activity developed and reported to ACC and NHSG
- Care Inspectorate Inspection reports
- Capture of outcomes from contract review meetings.
- External reviews of performance.
- Benchmarking with other IJBs

Current performance:

- Performance reports submitted to IJB, Risk, Audit and Performance and Clinical and Care Governance Committees.
- Data and Evaluation Group terms of reference and membership revised, and regular meetings are now scheduled and taking place.
- Various Steering Groups for strategy implementation established, although meetings were paused during the response to Covid we are beginning to pick this work back up again.
- Close links with social care commissioning, procurement and contracts team have been established
- JB Dashboard has been shared widely.
- Weekly production of surge and flow dashboard
- Development of Grampian Operational Pressure Escalation System (G-OPES)

- Formal performance reporting has not been as well developed as we had hoped. Focus/priorities have changed. Going forward the focus will be on delivering the Leadership Team objectives (agreed every year and linked to delivery of the Strategic Plan). One aspect of the objectives for 2021/22 is the development of dashboards for use as a tool to drive improvement performance.
- The LOIP has been refreshed and the Strategic Plan is due to be refreshed during 2021. It is likely the current set of key indicators will change. Performance indicators will be considered at the same time as we set new aims and objectives based on the learning over the last couple of years.
- Further work required on linkage to Community Planning Aberdeen reporting.

Comments:

• **Annual Performance Report** - the ACHSCP Annual Performance Report for 2020/21 was approved for publication at the JJB meeting on 24th August 2021.

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Description of	of Risk:							
Cause: Comp	olexity of function	on, decision r	making, and dele	gation within	he Integration Sc	heme.		
Event: JB fai	ls to manage t	his complexity	/					
Consequenc	e: reputational	damage to th	ne IJB and its par	tner organisa	tions.			
Strategic Price	ority: All					Leadership Team Owner: Communications Lead		
Risk Rating:	low/medium/h	igh/very high				Rationale for Risk Rating:		
			HIGH			Risk rating has increased to acknowledge the complexity of operating in a Covid environment.		
IMPACT						Rationale for Risk Appetite:		
Almost Certain						Willing to risk certain reputational damage if rationale for decision is sound.		
Likely								
Danible								
Possible				✓				
Unlikely								
Rare								
LIKELIHOOD	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme			
Risk Moveme	ent: (increase							
		NOCHA	NGE 30.11.2021					
IJB andBoard AStandar	ship Team Daily its Committees Assurance and E rds Officer role Governance St	s Escalation Fran	nework process			 Mitigating Actions: Staff and customer engagement – recent results from iMatter survey alongside a well-establish Joint Staff Forum indicate high levels of staff engagement. Effective performance and risk management Clear communication & engagement strategy, and a clear policy for social media use, in order to mitigate the risk of reputational damage. Communications lead's membership of Leadership Team facilities smooth flow of information from all sections of the organisation Robust relationships with all local media are maintained to ensure media coverage is well-informed and accurate and is challenged when inaccurate/imbalanced. Locality Empowerment Groups established in each of the three localities, ensuring effective two-way communication between the partnership, partner organisations and a wide range of community representatives in North, South and Central. Consultation and engagement exercises are also 		



	carried out with service users, staff and partners throughout service change processes to gain detailed feedback and act upon it. • Through the Locality Empowerment Groups help inform plans which will identify priorities to improve health and wellbeing for local communities, seeking the views and input of the public on these Groups.
Assurances:	Gaps in assurance:
 Role of the Chief Officer, Deputy Chief Officer/Chief Finance Officer and Leadership Team Daily Huddles Performance relationship with NHS and ACC Chief Executives Communications plan / communications manager 	None known at this time
Current performance:	Comments:
 Communications Officer in place to lead reputation management Regular and effective liaison by Communications Lead with local and national media during pandemic to 1) mitigate potentially harmful media coverage of Partnership and care providers during the emergency; and 2) secure significant positive media coverage of effective activity by the Partnership and its partners during the Covid crisis, highlighting necessary changes to working practices and the work of frontline staff Partnership comms presence on the NHSG Comms Cell Close liaison with ACC and NHSG comms teams to ensure consistency of messaging and clarity of roles 	 Communication and Engagement Group being strengthened by selection of 'Communications' Champions' across ACHSCP comprising of staff across the partnership to support us in ensuring key messages/internal news items are timely, appropriate and wide-reaching External and internal websites are regularly updated with fresh news/information; both sites continue to be developed and refined

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Description of	of Risk:					•
Cause: Demo	graphic & finar	ncial pressure	s requiring IJB to	deliver transf	ormational system	change which helps to meet its strategic priorities.
Event: Failure	to deliver tran	sformation an	nd sustainable sys	stems change		
Consequence	: people not re	eceiving the be	est health and so	cial care outco	omes	
Strategic Prior	rity: All					Leadership Team Owner: Lead for Strategy and Performance
Risk Rating:	ow/medium/high	h/very high	HIGH			Rationale for Risk Rating:
IMPACT Almost						 Recognition of the known demographic curve & financial challenges, which mean existing capacity may struggle This is the overall risk – each of our transformation programme work streams are also risk assessed with some programmes being a higher risk than others.
Certain Likely				✓		 Given current situation with increased demand and staffing pressures there might be times when it is likely that transformational projects delivery may be delayed. Strategy and Transformation Team is currently carrying 40% vacancy rates, meaning that not all Leadership Team Objectives for 2021/22 have been fully progressed.
Possible						Rationale for Risk Appetite:
Unlikely						 The IJB has some appetite for risk relating to testing change and being innovative. The IJB has no to minimal appetite for harm happening to people – however this is balanced with a recognition of the risk of harm happening to people in the future if no action or transformation is taken.
Rare						 Although some transformation activity has speeded up due to necessity during the covid period, other planned activity such as plans to increase staff attendance has not been possible as a direct result
LIKELIHOOD	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	of Covid implications.
Risk Movemen	nt: (increase/de		nge) NGE 30.11.2021			
Controls:						Mitigating Actions:
Board a	and IJB and its C ly Reporting o	Committees) of Leadership eport	·		ecutive Programme dit & Performance	 Programme management approach being taken across whole of the Partnership Transformation team all trained in Managing Successful Programmes methodology Regular reporting of progress on programmes and projects to Executive Programme Board Increased frequency of governance processes Executive Programme Board now meeting fortnightly and creation of huddle delivery models. A number of plans and frameworks have been developed to underpin our transformation activity across our wider system including: Primary Care Improvement Plan, Action 15 Plan and Immunisation Blueprint, all of these are being revised in light of Covid and future priorities.
	udit and Perform		ee Reporting roach supported by	/ an evaluation	framework	Gaps in assurance:



- IJB oversight
- Board Assurance and Escalation Framework process
- Internal Audit has undertaken a detailed audit of our transformation programme. All recommendations from this audit have now been actioned.
- The Medium-Term Financial Framework prioritises transformation activity that could deliver cashable savings
- The Medium-Term Financial Framework, Portfolio Management Approach aims and principles, and Programme of Transformation have been mapped to demonstrate overall alignment to strategic plan.
- Our ability to evidence the impact of our transformation: documenting results from evaluations and reviewing results from evaluations conducted elsewhere allows us to determine what works when seeking to embed new models.

Current performance:

- The agreed Leadership Team objectives are placing a renewed focus on how we structure our resource
- There are a number of vacancies in the Strategy and Transformation Team due to restructuring and secondments. This has led to reduced capacity to support transformation activity. Recruitment is ongoing.

Comments:

Further re-prioritisation has taken place due to staff changes. Transformation Team have merged with Strategy and Performance and Capital and Assets Teams to create a Strategy and Transformation Team. The new structure provides additional capacity. Organisational Change is now complete, and recruitment is underway.

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Description of	of Risk					
Cause: Need	to involve live	ed experien	ice in service de	elivery and de	esign as per Inte	gration Principles
Event: IJB fa	ils to maximis	se the oppo	rtunities created	d for engagin	ng with our comn	nunities
Consequenc	es: Services a	are not tailo	red to individua	l needs; repι	utational damage	e; and IJB does not meet strategic aims.
Strategic Prio	rity: All					Leadership Owner: Chief Officer
Risk Rating: low/medium/high/very high MEDIUM						Rationale for Risk Rating: Now that localities governance and working arrangements are established the impact of not maximising
IMPACT						the opportunities is minor but at the moment, in the early stages of the arrangements, the likelihood remains a possibility
Almost Certain Likely						Rationale for Risk Appetite: The JB has some appetite to risk in relation to testing innovation and change. There is zero risk of financial
Linely						failure or working out with statutory requirements of a public body.
Possible		✓				
Unlikely						
Rare						-
LIKELIHOOD	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	
Risk Moveme	nt: (increase/de		ange) ASE 30.11.2021			
Controls:						Mitigating Actions:
LeadersCPP Co	Empowerment Ship Team Hudd Ommunity Engages and Human I	lle gement Group)			 Strategic Planning Group (SPG) Pre-Meeting Group set up to support locality empowerment group members on the SPG. Continued joint working with Community Planning colleagues to oversee the ongoing development of locality planning
•						
 Assurances: Strategic Planning Group (LEGs have representation on this group) Executive Programme Board UB/Risk, Audit and Performance Committee CPA Board 				n this group)		 Gaps in assurance Demographic and diversity representation on Locality Empowerment Groups. The Equalities and Human Rights Sub Group has been tasked to address this.
			sentatives attend t	he SPG on a	regular basis and	Comments:

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Description of Risk: Cause-Impact of Covid19 has accelerated and accentuated long-term workforce challenges

Event: Insufficient staff to provide patients/clients with services required.

Consequence: Potential loss of life and unmet health and social care needs, leading to severe reputational damage.

Strategic Priority: All

Risk Rating: low/medium/high/very high

VERY HIGH

IMPACT

Almost Certain

Likely

Possible

Unlikely

Rare

LIKELIHOOD- Negligible Minor Moderate Major Extreme

Risk Movement: (increase/decrease/no change)

Controls:

 Clinical & Care Governance Committee reviews tactical level of risk around staffing numbers

INCREASE 30.11.2021

- Clinical & Care Governance Group review the operational level of risk
- Oversight of daily Leadership Team meetings to maximise the use of daily staffing availability
- Revised contract monitoring arrangements with providers to determine recruitment / retention trends in the wider care sector-replicate wording in risk 1 and include pc risk
- Establishment of daily staffing situational reports (considered by the Leadership Team)
- NHSG and ACC workforce policies
- Partnership Workforce Planning Group
- Daily Grampian System Connect Meetings and governance structure

Assurances:

ACHSCP Workforce Plan

Daily Leadership Team Meetings

Leadership Team Objectives and appraisal process to help manage Partnership's risks Staff side and union representation on daily Leadership Team meetings Leadership Team Owner: People & Organisation Lead

Rationale for Risk Rating:

- The current staffing complement profile changes on an incremental basis over time.
- However the proportion of over 50s employed within the partnership (by NHSG and ACC) is increasing rapidly (i.e. 1 in 3 nurses are over 50).
- Totally exhausted work force with higher turnover of staff (particularly over 50)
- Current very high vacancy levels and long delays in recruitment across ACHSCP services.
- Little expectations that 'system' will revert to 'normal ' post covid .
- Higher levels of sickness absence

Rationale for Risk Appetite:

Will accept minimal risks of harm to service users or to staff. By minimal risks, the UB means it will
only accept minimal risk to services users or staff when the comparative risk of doing nothing is higher
than the risk of intervention.

Mitigating Actions:

- ACHSCP Workforce Plan
- Rapid service redesign ongoing
- Active engagement with schools to raise ACHSCP profile (e.g. Developing the Young Workforce, Career Ready)
- Active work with training providers and employers to encourage careers in Health and Social Care (e.g. Foundation Apprenticeships/Modern Apprenticeships through NESCOL, working with Department for Work and Pensions)
- Greater use of commissioning model to encourage training of staff
- Increased emphasis on health/wellbeing of staff



	 Increased emphasis on communication with staff Greater promotion of flexible working Rapid implementation of hybrid working and its long-term expansion increased collaboration and integration between professional disciplines, third sector, independent sector and communities through Localities. Increased monitoring of staff statistics (sickness, turnover, CPD, complaints etc) through daily Leadership Team meetings, identifying trends. Rapid sight and implementation of new Scottish Government, NHSG and ACC workforce policies and guidelines
Current performance:	Gaps in assurance
 Managing workforce challenges through daily Leadership Team meetings and Daily Connect Meetings and structures Managing very high level vacancies in comparison to neighbouring Health Boards 	 New Workforce Plan required to be published in April 2022 Lack of oversight of social care workforce capacity
	 Ongoing consultation on National Care Service. Any updates arising from the progress of the Service that has a bearing on the risk will be updated in due course. Covid-19 Update The emergency has resulted in a requirement for employees to embrace new methods of carrying out their duties, whether this has involved 7-day rostering, remote working or increased flexibility and mobility. Some employees have been redeployed to pressured services during the pandemic. As we move into the next phase of our community response in partnership with the City Council and linked to the Care for People group, locality development and locality working has been identified as one of 5 priority working groups. There is uncertainty regarding the challenges coming in the winter period specifically around managing any local increase in Covid cases, flu outbreak, and increase in health issues caused by lockdown health debt. These could all have an impact on how staff are utilised in the coming months.

					-	10 -
Description o	f Risk:					
Cause: IJB's	becoming Cat	egory 1 Respo	nders under th	e Civil Conting	encies Act 200	4.
Event: Potent	tial major impa	ct to the citize	ns of Aberdeer	n if IJB does no	ot manage its re	esponsibilities under the Act
Consequence	e: Potential risl	k to life, loss o	f buildings, rep	outational dama	age.	
						Leadership Team Owner: Chief Officer
Risk Rating: low/medium/high/very high HIGH						 Rationale for Risk Rating: Considered high risk due to the potential major impact to citizens if the IJB does not manage its responsibilities under the Act.
IMPACT						Rationale for Risk Appetite:
Almost Certain Likely						There is a zero tolerance in relation to not meeting legal and statutory requirements.
Possible				✓		
Unlikely						
Rare						
LIKELIHOO D	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	
Risk Moveme	nt: (increase/d	ecrease/no cha NO CHANG	inge): 6E 30.11.2021			
					iroup (integrated	 Mitigating Actions: The Grampian Local Resilience Partnership (GLRP) identifies risks which are likely to manifest. The Partnership require to have controls in place to manage these risks, particularly the ability to respond to these in an emergency situation. Aberdeen City Council are currently reviewing the risks in the City within its risk registers to ensure that the control actions listed are sufficient to mitigate risks. During this process, the additional risks may well be identified, based on risk assessment within operational areas, which may impact on the ability to respond. The result will be a risk register incorporating all risks relating to organisational resilience for the City. The City Resilience Group will be responsible for managing these risks through its membership and liaison with other services not represented on the Group. Senior Manager On Call governance documents and arrangements within the Aberdeen City Health and Social Care Partnership (stored on Teams and hard copy), and links into the equivalent structures in ACC and NHSG.



Assurances: • Internal Audit undertaken in 2020 on Civil Contingency arrangements in Aberdeen	
 City Council, including Care For People Plan. Ongoing discussions around development of Aberdeen City Vulnerable Persons Database using Geographical Information Mapping System (this will include data from Care First) as well as national discussions on Persons at Risk Database (PARD). 	
Current performance:	Comments:
 The review of the Care for People Plan has been finalised. The Partnership's Senior Managers On Call are to gain access to the relevant sections of the Council's Resilience Hub so that key messages can be received. Meetings regarding the development of the PARD have been set up. The Partnership will be attending these meetings. 	

Appendix 1 - Risk Tolerance

Level of Risk Tolerance



Low	Acceptable level of risk. No additional controls are required but any existing risk controls or contingency plans should be documented. Chief Officers/Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be effective.						
	Acceptable level of risk exposure subject to regular active monitoring measures by Managers/Risk Owners. Where appropriate further action shall be taken to reduce the risk but the cost of control will probably be modest. Managers/Risk Owners shall document that the risk controls or contingency plans are effective.						
Medium	Chief Officers/Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be effective.						
	Relevant Chief Officers/Managers/Directors/Assurance Committees will periodically seek assurance that these continue to be effective.						
	Further action should be taken to mitigate/reduce/control the risk, possibly urgently and possibly requiring significant resources. Chief Officers/Managers/Risk Owners must document that the risk controls or contingency plans are effective. Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be effective.						
High	Relevant Chief Officers/Managers/Directors/Executive and Assurance Committees will periodically seek assurance that these continue to be effective and confirm that it is not reasonably practicable to do more. The IJB's may wish to seek assurance that risks of this level are being effectively managed.						
	However the IJB's may wish to accept high risks that may result in reputation damage, financial loss or exposure, major breakdown in information system or information integrity, significant incidents(s) of regulatory non-compliance, potential risk of injury to staff and public						
	Unacceptable level of risk exposure that requires urgent and potentially immediate corrective action to be taken. Relevant Chief Officer/Managers/Directors/Executive and Assurance Committees should be informed explicitly by the relevant Managers/Risk Owners.						
Von High	Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be effective.						
Very High	The IJB's will seek assurance that risks of this level are being effectively managed.						
	However the IJB's may wish to accept opportunities that have an inherent very high risk that may result in reputation damage, financial loss or exposure, major breakdown in information system or information integrity, significant incidents(s) of regulatory non-compliance, potential risk of injury to staff and public						



Appendix 2 – Risk Assessment Matrices (from Board Assurance & Escalation Framework)

Table 1 - Impact/Consequence Defintions

Descriptor	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme
Patient Experience	Reduced quality of patient experience/ clinical outcome not directly related to delivery of clinical care.	Unsatisfactory patient experience/clinical outcome directly related to care provision – readily resolvable.	Unsatisfactory patient experience/clinical outcome, short term effects – expect recovery <1wk.	Unsatisfactory patient experience/ clinical outcome; long term effects –expect recovery >1wk.	Unsatisfactory patient experience/clinical outcome, continued ongoing long term effects.
Objectives/ Project	Barely noticeable reduction in scope, quality or schedule.	Minor reduction in scope, quality or schedule.	Reduction in scope or quality of project; project objectives or schedale.	Significnt project over-run.	Inability to meet project objectives; reputation of the organisation seriously damaged.
Injury (physical and psychological) to patient/ visitor/staff.	Adverse event leading tos minor injury not requiring firt &d	Minor injury or illness, firt a d treatment required.	Agency reportable, e.g. Police (aiolent and aggressive acts). Significnt in ury requiring medical treatment and/or counselling.	Major injuries/long term incapacity or disability (loss of limb) requiring medical treatment and/or counselling.	Incident leading to death or major permanent incapacity.
Complaints/ Claims	Locally resolved verbal complaint	Justifie written complaint peripheral to clinical care.	Below exdess claim. Justifie complaint involving lack of appropriate care.	Claim above excessilevel. Multiple justifie comp l à n s	Multiple claims d r single major claim. Complex justifie comp l a n .
Service/ Business Interruption in a service which does not impact on the delivery of patient care or the ability to continue to provide service.		Short term disruption to service with minor impact on patient care.	Some disruption in service with unacceptable impact on patient care. Temporary loss of ability to provide service.	Sustained loss of service which has serious impact on delivery of patient care resulting in major contingency plans being invoked.	Permanent loss of core service or facility. Disruption to facility leading to signifight "knock on" of fect.
Staffin and	Short term low staffin level temporarily reduces sergyice quality (< 1 day).	Ongoing low staffin level reduces service quality	Moderate error due to increase ineffective implementation of training	Uncertain delivery of key objective /service due to lack of staff.	Non-delivery of key objective/ service due to lack of staff. Loss of key staff.
Competence	Short term low staffin level (>1 day), where there is no disruption to patient care.	Minor error due to ineffective training/implementation of training.		Major error due to ineffective training/implementation of training.	Critical error due to ineffective training / implementation of training.
Financial (including damage/loss/ fraud) Negligible oæganisational/ personal finnci å loss (£<1k).		Minor organisational/ personaldinnci al loss (£1- 10k).	Significnt or gani sational / personal finnci of loss (£10-100k).	Majar organisational/personal finnci à loss (£100k-1m).	Severe organisational/ personal finnci a loss (£>1m).
Inspection/Audit Small number of recommendations which focus on minor quality improvement issues.		Recommendations made which can be addressed by low level of management action.	Challenging recommendations that can be addressed with appropriate action plan. Enforcement action. Low rating. Critical report.		Prosecution. Zero rating. Severely critical report.
Adverse Publicity/ Reputation	Rumours, no media coverage. Little effect on staff morale.	Local media coverage – short term. Some public embarrassment. Minor effect on staff morale/ public attitudes.	Local media – long-term adverse aublicity. Significnt & fect on staff morale and public perception of the organisation.	National media/adverse publicity, less than 3 days. Public confidnce in the organisation undermined. Use of services affected.	National/International media/ adverse publicity, more than 3 days. MSP/MP concern (Questions in Parliament). Court Enforcement. Public Enquiry/FAI.

Table 2 - Likelihood Defintions

Descriptor	Rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Almost Certain
Probability	 Can't believe this event would happen Will only happen in exceptional circumstances. 	Not expected to happen, but definte pot ent ial exists Unlikely to occur.	 May occur occasionally Has happened before on occasions Reasonable chance of occurring. 	Strong possibility that this could occur Likely to occur.	This is expected to occur frequently/in most circumstances more likely to occur than not.

Table 3 - Risk Matrix

Likelihood	Consequences/Impact					
	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme	
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	V High	V High	
Likely	Medium	Medium	High	High	V High	
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High	
Unlikely	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium	High	
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	

References: AS/NZS 4360:2004 'Making It Work' (2004)

Table 4 - NHSG Response to Risk

Describes what NHSG considers each level of risk to represent and spells out the extent of response expected for each.

Level of Risk	Response to Risk
Low	Acceptable level of risk. No additional controls are required but any existing risk controls or contingency plans should be documented. Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be ef fective.
Medium	Acceptable level of risk exposure subject to regular active monitoring measures by Managers/Risk Owners. Where appropriate further action shall be taken to reduce the risk but the cost of control will probably be modest. Managers/Risk Owners shall document that the risk controls or contingency plans are effective. Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be effective. Relevant Managers/Directors/Assurance Committees will periodically seek assurance that these continue to be effective.
High	Further action should be taken to mitigate/reduce/control the risk, possibly urgently and possibly requiring significnt resources. Managers/Risk Owners must document that the risk controls or contingency plans are effective. Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be effective. Relevant Managers/Directors/Executive and Assurance Committees will periodically seek assurance that these continue to be effectivenand confir that it is not reasonably practicable to do more. The Board may wish to seek assurance that risks of this level are being effectively managed. However NHSG may wish to accept high risks that may result in reputation damage, finncial loss or exposure, major breakdown in information system or information integrital significant incidents(s) of regulatory non-compliance, potential risk of injury to staff and public.
Very High	Unacceptable level of risk exposure that requires urgent and potentially immediate corrective action to be taken. Relevant Managers/Directors/E xecutive and Assurance Committees should be informed explicitly by the relevant Managers/Risk Owners. Managers/Risk Owners should review these risks applying the minimum review table within the risk register process document to assess whether these continue to be ef fective. The Board will seek assurance that risks of this level are being ef fectively managed. However NHSG may wish to accept opportunities that have an inherent very high ris that may result in reputation damage, finnci alloss or exposure, major breakdown information system or information integrity, significnt incidents(s) of regulatory non compliance, potential risk of injury to staff and public.

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